Income Support and Wage Subsidy Weekly Update

Week ending 23 October 2020

395 decrease in the number of Jobseeker Support recipients, when comparing 23 October (203,776) with 16 October 2020 (204,171).

1,784 decrease in the number of COVID-19 Income Relief Payment recipients, when comparing 23 October (8,733) with 16 October 2020 (10,517).

2,429 cancels into work from the combined cancels from Jobseeker Support and CIRP during the week ending 23 October.

2,052 in the week ending 16 October 2020.

11.8 percent of the estimated New Zealand working-age population received a main benefit as at 23 October.

6.5 percent received Jobseeker Support.

1,541 increase in the number of Special Needs Grants granted during the week ending 23 October (31,826) when compared with 16 October 2020 (30,285).

6. Percentage of the estimated New Zealand population aged 18–64 receiving Jobseeker Support, by Regional Council, compared with the start of the year.

Jobseeker Support (JS) and COVID-19 Income Relief Payment (CIRP)

1. Number of JS (working-age) and CIRP recipients (16 and older) for each week from the start of the year

Main benefits

Main benefit numbers are working age (those aged 18–64 years). Supplementary and hardship assistance are all ages.

7. Number of main benefit recipients

8. Number of Sole Parent Support recipients

Supplementary assistance and hardship assistance

9. Number of Temporary Additional Support and Special Benefit recipients

10. Number of Special Needs Grants granted during each week

2. Number of JS grants and cancels during each week

8.3 percent (294) of the 3,705 grants for Jobseeker Support were transfers of clients from CIRP to Jobseeker Support, during the week ending 23 October 2020.

4. Number of CIRP grants and cancels* during each week

3. Number of JS cancels into work during each week

5. Number of CIRP cancels* by selected reason during each week

* The graphs above exclude the cancellation reason 'End of Entitlement' to show trends in other selected categories. There were 2,245 cancels of CIRP for the reason 'End of Entitlement' during the week ending 23 October.

Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment Scheme

23,918 jobs currently supported by the Wage Subsidy as at 23 October 2020, of which 95 were for Original Wage Subsidy, 23,334 were for Wage Subsidy Extension, and 289 for Resurgence Wage Subsidy.

759,332 approved applications, and $14.0 billion paid out, between 20 March and 23 October 2020.

Some new approved applications may occur after applications are closed as some payments are back dated, or corrections are applied.

11. Number of jobs currently supported by the Wage Subsidy Scheme

Wage Subsidy Refunds

$496.0 million is the total value of refunds received up to the 23 October, an increase of $18.3 million when compared with the week ending 16 October 2020.

16,629 refunds received in total up to the 23 October, an increase of 160 when compared with the week ending 16 October 2020.

Receipt of main benefit or supplementary assistance are counts of the number of people who are in primary receipt only, while CIRP recipients are counts of the total number of people supported by this payment. Hardship grants are counts of grants, rather than clients. A client can receive multiple grants. Special Needs Grants (SNGs) are the sum of grants during each week.

Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment data are point-in-time or cumulative. Cumulative data sums data from the start of the Wage Subsidy (week ending 10 March 2020). The Leave Payment (week ending 3 May 2020), Wage Subsidy Extension (week ending 12 June 2020) and the Resurgence Wage Subsidy (week ending 31 August 2020). The numbers currently reported for the Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment Scheme are counts of jobs supported.

There may be variations when comparing monthly and weekly data reported by MSD. This is due to the different business rules used, allowing for processing time for payments. During public holidays, the processing time may need to be advanced to Thursday or Wednesday. If a public holiday lands on the following Monday or the Friday, the monthly data will have a different extract date from the weekly data, which is always extracted on Fridays. Caution should be exercised when comparing data between weekly, monthly, and quarterly data releases.

For population proportions, the estimated New Zealand population is used as at the previous June each year, unless otherwise stated. In September, Statistics New Zealand released their national population estimates population as at June 2020, released in the TIN express. The release has resulted in higher population counts than previously estimated, and translated into a decrease in the population proportions MSD reports on. For example, 10.0 percent of the estimated working-age population received a main benefit as at August 2020, before the release. After the release, this figure has been revised to 7.7 percent.