

177 decrease

in the number of Jobseeker Support recipients, when comparing 16 October 2020 (204,171) with 9 October (204,348).

537 decrease

in the number of COVID-19 Income Relief Payment recipients, when comparing 16 October (10,517) with 9 October (11,054).

2,052 cancels into work

from the combined cancels from Jobseeker Support and CIRP during the week ending 16 October. **1,743** in the week ending 9 October 2020.

11.8 percent

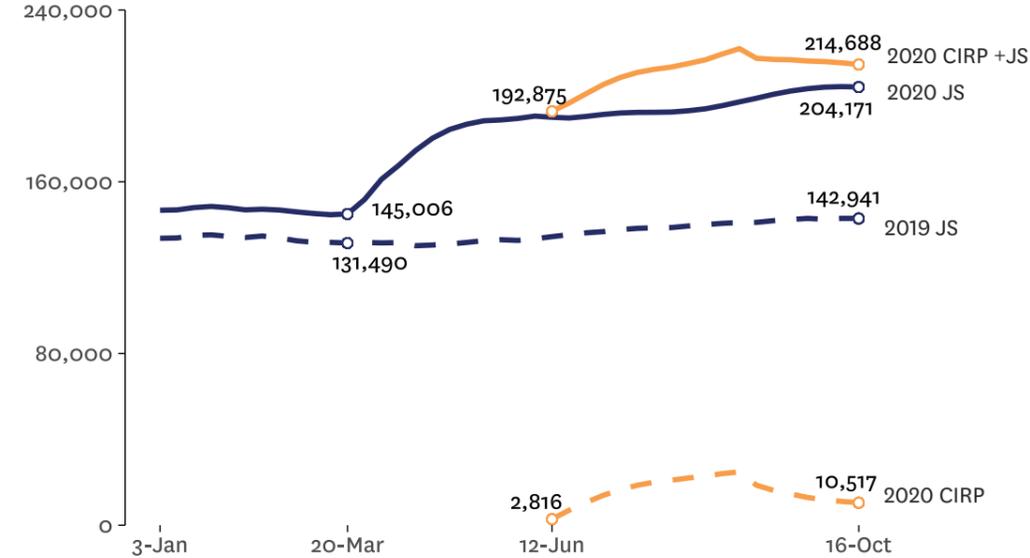
of the estimated New Zealand working-age population received a main benefit as at 16 October. **6.5 percent** received Jobseeker Support.

3,714 increase

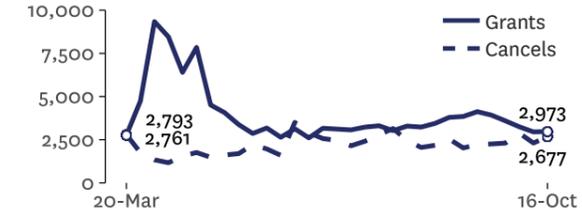
in the number of Special Needs Grants granted during the week ending 16 October (30,272) when compared with 9 October (26,558).

Jobseeker Support (JS) and COVID-19 Income Relief Payment (CIRP)

1. Number of JS (working-age) and CIRP recipients (16 and older) for each week from the start of the year



2. Number of JS grants and cancels during each week

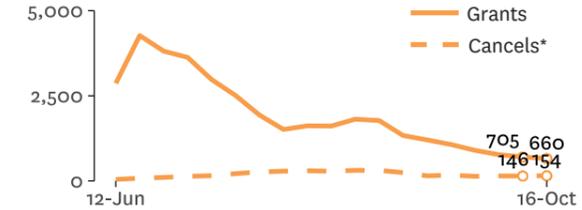


3. Number of JS cancels into work during each week

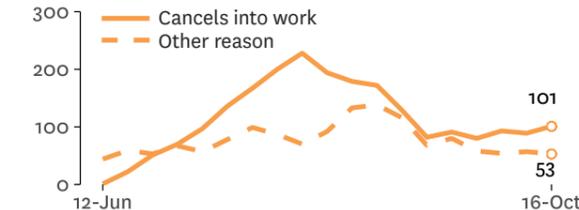


8.6 percent (256) of the **2,973 grants** for Jobseeker Support were transfers of clients from CIRP to Jobseeker Support, during the week ending 16 October 2020.

4. Number of CIRP grants and cancels* during each week



5. Number of CIRP cancels* by selected reason during each week



* The graphs above exclude the cancellation reason 'End of Entitlement' to show trends in other selected categories.

There were **974 cancels** off CIRP for the reason 'End of Entitlement' during the week ending 16 October. A CIRP client may not have received their full entitlement at the time of the cancellation, and will receive the remainder of the entitlement over subsequent pay dates.

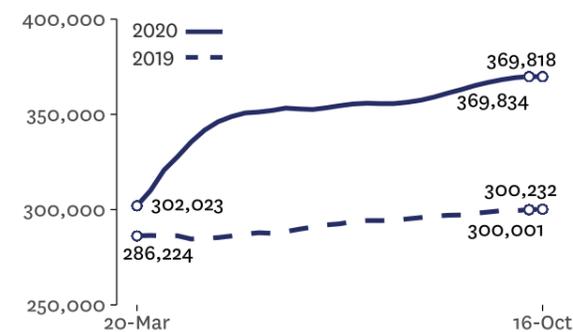
6. Percentage of the estimated New Zealand population aged 18-64 receiving Jobseeker Support, by Regional Council, compared with the start of the year

Regional Council	Population proportion	Percentage point change
Northland	11.2%	2.4%
Gisborne	11.0%	2.0%
Bay of Plenty	9.3%	2.4%
West Coast	8.5%	2.0%
Hawkes Bay	8.2%	2.3%
Manawatu-Wanganui	8.0%	1.6%
Waikato	7.5%	1.9%
Taranaki	7.3%	1.7%
Tasman	7.2%	2.3%
Auckland	6.5%	2.1%
Southland	5.9%	1.6%
Wellington	5.9%	1.3%
Marlborough	5.6%	2.0%
Canterbury	5.5%	1.7%
Nelson	5.0%	1.4%
Otago	4.1%	1.2%

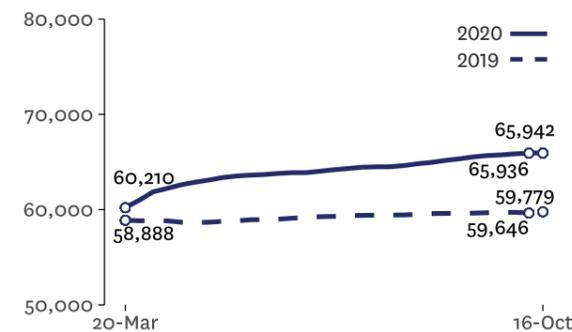
Main benefits

Main benefit numbers are working age (those aged 18-64 years). Supplementary and hardship assistance are all ages.

7. Number of main benefit recipients

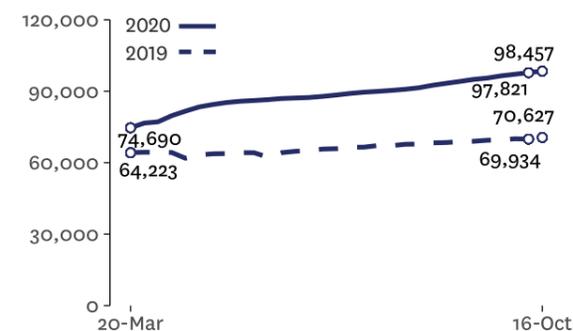


8. Number of Sole Parent Support recipients

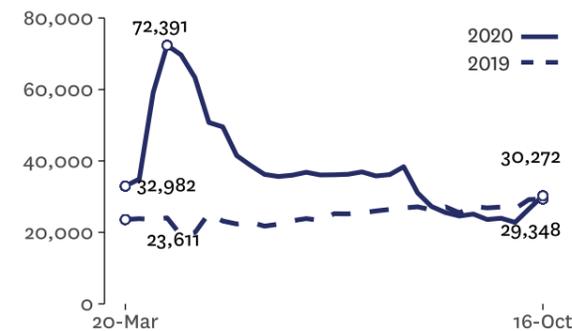


Supplementary assistance and hardship assistance

9. Number of Temporary Additional Support and Special Benefit recipients



10. Number of Special Needs Grants granted during each week



Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment Scheme

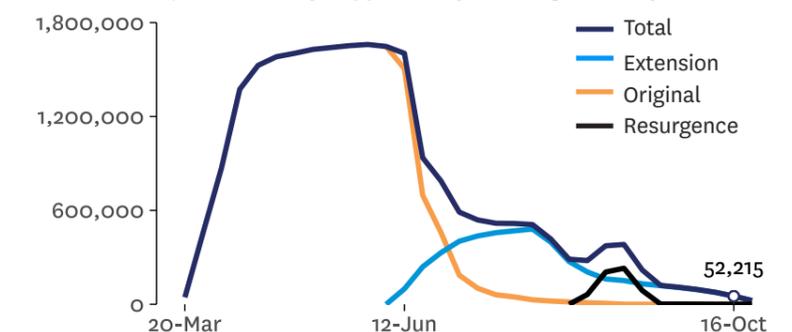
52,215 jobs

currently supported by the Wage Subsidy as at 16 October 2020, of which 99 were for Original Wage Subsidy, 51,686 were for Wage Subsidy Extension, and 430 for Resurgence Wage Subsidy.

759,268 approved applications, and **\$14.0 billion** paid out, between 20 March and 16 October 2020.

The Resurgence Wage Subsidy has **295,999** jobs associated with a paid application, worth **\$317.3 million** up to 16 October 2020.

11. Number of jobs currently supported by the Wage Subsidy Scheme



Wage Subsidy Refunds

\$477.8 million

is the total value of refunds received up to the 16 October, an increase of \$4.7 million when compared with the week ending 9 October 2020.

16,469 refunds

received in total up to the 16 October, an increase of 176 when compared with the week ending 9 October 2020.

Receipt of main benefit or supplementary assistance are counts of the number of people who are in primary receipt only, while CIRP recipients are counts of the total number of people supported by this payment. **Hardship grants** are counts of grants, rather than clients. A client can receive multiple grants. Special Needs Grants (SNGs) are the sum of grants during each week.

Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment data are point-in-time or cumulative. Cumulative data sums data from the start of the Wage Subsidy (week ending 20 March 2020), the Leave Payment (week ending 1 May 2020), Wage Subsidy Extension (week ending 12 June 2020) and the Resurgence Wage Subsidy (week ending 21 August 2020). The numbers currently reported for the Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment Scheme are counts of jobs supported.

There may be **variations when comparing quarterly and monthly, to weekly data** reported by MSD. This is due to the different business rules used, allowing for processing time for payments. During public holidays, the processing time may need to be advanced to the Thursday or the Wednesday. If a public holiday lands on the following Monday or the Friday, the monthly and quarterly data will have a different extract date from the weekly data, which is always extracted on Fridays. Caution should be exercised when comparing data between weekly, monthly, and quarterly data releases.

For **population proportions**, the estimated New Zealand population is used as at the previous June each year, unless otherwise stated. In September, Statistics New Zealand released their [national estimated resident population as at June 2020, rebased to the 2018 Census](#). The rebase has resulted in higher population counts than previously estimated, and translated into a decrease in the population proportions MSD reports on. For example, 12.0 percent of the estimated working-age population received a main benefit as at August 2020, before the rebase. After the rebase, this figure has been revised to 11.7 percent.