# **Income Support and Wage Subsidy Weekly Update**

## Week ending 14 August 2020



### 903 increase

in the number of Jobseeker Support in the number of COVID-19 Income recipients, when comparing 14 August 2020 (193,997) with 7 August comparing 14 August 2020 (22,834) 2020 (193,094).

#### 846 increase

Relief Payment recipients, when with 7 August 2020 (21,988).

### 1,377 cancels into work

from the combined cancels from Jobseeker Support and CIRP during the week ending 14 August 2020.

**1,652** in the week ending 7 August 2020.

Grants

Cancels

1,619 1,612

287 465

### 11.9 percent

of the estimated New Zealand working-age population received a main benefit as at 14 August 2020.

**6.5 percent** received Jobseeker Support.

## 7,328 decrease

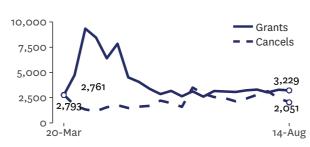
in the number of Special Needs Grants granted during the week ending 14 August 2020 (31,060) when compared with the week ending 7 August 2020 (38,388).

### Jobseeker Support (JS) and COVID-19 Income Relief Payment (CIRP)



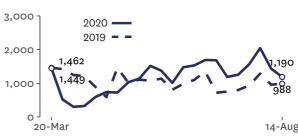


#### 2. Number of JS grants and cancels during each week

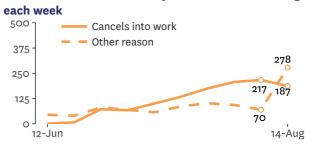


4. Number of CIRP grants and cancels during each

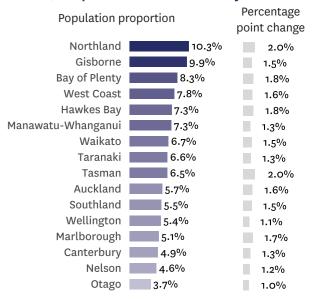
## 3. Number of JS cancels into work during each week



## 5. Number of CIRP cancels by selected reason during



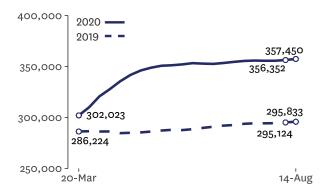
#### 6. Percentage of the estimated New Zealand population aged 15-64 receiving Jobseeker Support, by Regional Council, compared with the start of the year



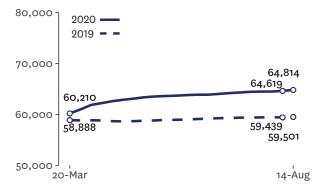
### Main benefits

Main benefit numbers are working-age (those aged 18-64 years). Supplementary and hardship assistance are all ages.

#### 7. Number of main benefit recipients



#### 8. Number of Sole Parent Support recipients



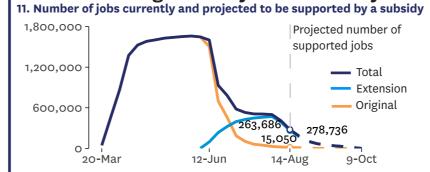
week

6,000

4,000

2,000

# Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment Scheme



### 278,736 jobs

currently supported by the Wage Subsidy Scheme as at 14 August 2020, of which 15,050 were for original Wage Subsidy and 263,686 were for Wage Subsidy Extension.

639,196 approved applications, and \$13.2 billion paid out, between 20 March and 14 August 2020.

## **Wage Subsidy Refunds** \$389.2 million

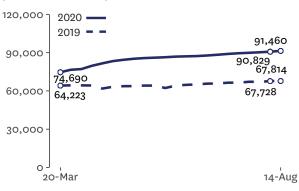
is the total value of refunds received up to the 14 August 2020, an increase of \$10.1 million when compared with the week ending 7 August 2020.

#### **12.920 refunds**

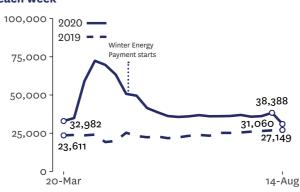
received in total up to the 14 August 2020, an increase of 514 when compared with the week ending 7 August 2020.

### Supplementary assistance and hardship assistance

#### 9. Number of Temporary Additional Support and **Special Benefit recipients**



#### 10. Number of Special Needs Grants granted during each week



#### Receipt of main benefits or supplementary assistance are counts of the number of people who are in primary receipt only

Hardship grants are counts of grants, rather than clients. A client can receive multiple grants. Special Needs Grants (SNGs) are the sum of grants during each week. SNGs also include SNGs for food.

Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment data are cumulative, and sums data from the start of the Wage Subsidy (week ending 20 March 2020), the Leave Payment (week ending 1 May 2020), and the Wage Subsidy Extension (week ending 12 June 2020). The numbers currently reported for the Wage Subsidy and Leave Payment Scheme are a count of jobs. Jobs currently supported by the Wage Subsidy scheme are counts of jobs with the 8, or 12 week subsidy period.

Total refunds received will not equal the number of businesses who have made refunds, as some businesses may make multiple refunds.

For population proportions, the estimated New Zealand population is used as at the nearest June each year, unless otherwise stated. Current estimates as at June 2019 are used in this document.

There may be variations when comparing quarterly and monthly, to weekly data reported by MSD. This is due to the different business rules used, allowing for processing time for payments. During public holidays, the processing time may need to be advanced to the Thursday or the Wednesday. If a public holiday lands on the following Monday or the Friday, the monthly and quarterly data will have a different extract date from the weekly data, which is always extracted on Fridays. Caution should be exercised when comparing data between weekly, monthly, and quarterly data releases.