## What an ageing population means for our regions

#### Our regions are ageing faster than many

of our cities. Some regions will need to plan for a future where they will have much larger older populations at the same time as having declines in younger population groups.



Source: Statistics New Zealand population projections

#### This may mean



Many of our smaller towns will be much older than our cities



Local services, both public and private will need to adapt to an older population



Some regions may face population decline, falling rate bases and a shortage of skilled workers



Older people in small or remote areas may have difficulty accessing critical services, such as health and transport



Number of cities

17 districts (1/4) will have a population decline compared to today

## **Older people as** consumers and workers

Our older population is becoming a larger workforce and consumer market. Employers and businesses need to understand the key role older people will play as consumers and workers.



#### ▶ 2031

Amount of monev spent by older people on goods and services: \$39b

Source: MSD 'Business of Ageing'

2015 21% of people 65+ in some form of paid employment (approximately 138,000 people)



2031 31% of people 65+ in some form of paid employment (approximately 350,000 people)



only 14-18% of employers are actively planning for an ageing workforce

#### This may mean



Businesses will need to target more products and services towards older people



Rapid expansion of businesses signing up to the SuperGold Card shows the beginning of this consumer market



Businesses will need to plan for an ageing workforce if they want to avoid skill shortages



# Diversity of older people



\_\_\_\_\_

#### This may mean



A more diverse older population



More demand for multi-cultural services, in areas such as home support and aged residential care



More demand for non-English services and information for older people who do not have English as a first language



## Older people today — nationwide

Making New Zealand a positive place in which older people are supported and valued by society and acknowledged for their contribution and participation is what we are all striving for.



Around a quarter (\$18b) of core government spending is spent on older people (superannuation, health etc)

Conservative estimate



Around 65 million trips have been taken by SuperGold Card holders since 2008



12,500 business outlets offer SuperGold Card discounts

#### Where can I find help?

Ministry of Social Development Senior Services www.msd.govt.nz/what-we-can-do/seniorcitizens 0800 552 002 (New Zealand Superannuation) 0800 650 656 (Veteran's Pension)

Ministry of Health Services for Older People www.bit.ly/1Gj1BrR

Rates Rebate Scheme www.dia.govt.nz/ratesrebates Total Mobility Scheme www.nzta.govt.nz/resources/total-mobilityscheme

Consumer Affairs – Get Online Savvy – A Guide for Seniors www.bit.ly/1yQoCdU

Accident Compensation Corporation WWW.acc.co.nz 0800 101 996

SuperGold Card www.supergold.govt.nz

## Older people today — services and information

Local organisations, such as councils, need to encourage and empower older people to have their voice heard in the community.



Source: Statistics New Zealand

#### Where can I find help in my area?

Talk to your council – ask if they have a formal older persons advisory group or strategy.

Contact your local Age Concern, Greypower, RSA, Citizens Advice Bureau or church group.



## What an ageing population means for New Zealand



Source: Statistics New Zealand population projections

#### This may mean



Services will need to adapt to an older population



Increase in demand for smaller, more accessible homes for older people



Increase in home support or aged residential care facilities, mainly for those aged 80+



More demand for carers and skilled health workers

OFFICE FOR SENIOR CITIZENS TE TARI KAUMĀTUA Administered by be Ministry of Social Development